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15	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
16	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
17	IN RE: ROUNDUP PRODUCTS)) MDL No. 2741
18	LIABILITY LITIGATION) Case No. 3:16-md-02741-VC
19		
20	Hardeman v. Monsanto Co., et al., 3:16-cv-0525-VC) MONSANTO COMPANY'S RESPONSE) TO EDWIN HARDEMAN'S
21) SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF PURSUANT TO PTO 81
22		<u> </u>
23		
24	INTROI	DUCTION
25) supplemental brief concerning Industrial Bio-
26	Test Labs ("IBT") misrepresents the historical record and IBT has no relevance to any of the	
27	issues in Phase 2. Contrary to Plaintiff's suggestion, the IBT fraud was not specific to	
28	bugget	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	MONGANTO CO 'S DESD. TO DI E. EDWIN HADDEN	1 -

Monsanto, and there is no evidence that Monsanto was in any way complicit in that fraud.
Rather, Monsanto was a victim of a widespread fraud perpetrated by IBT on dozens of
manufacturers, including pharmaceutical and other pesticide producers, as well as numerous
government agencies. See TX 504 (also available at https://nepis.epa.gov/Exe/
ZyPURL.cgi?Dockey=91014ULV.txt). The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA")
did not revoke approval of any pesticide, the safety of many of which (including glyphosate)
were supported by other, validated studies. <i>Id.</i> at 1, 3-4. Instead, EPA required manufacturers to
fill any data gaps by conducting new studies. Plaintiff's attempt to blame Monsanto for IBT's
misconduct is without basis.
In the 1970s, IBT was a leading provider of toxicology testing to industry and
government agencies. In 1976, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") discovered
discrepancies in some of the toxicology tests produced by IBT. <i>Id.</i> at 8. Because of this, the
EPA demanded an audit of all IBT studies which were used to support pesticide registration.
The EPA audit identified widespread problems involving 38 companies, 140 chemicals and 801
studies. <i>Id.</i> at 7. Monsanto repeated all of the glyphosate studies in question according to EPA
guidelines, and no IBT data are currently used in support of glyphosate registration.
ARGUMENT

The evidence that Plaintiff seeks to introduce concerning IBT is not relevant to the issues in this case and would only serve to waste time and confuse the jury. Such evidence would also be unduly prejudicial against Monsanto.

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Plaintiff claims that the IBT evidence is relevant to "whether Monsanto used reasonable care to prevent harm to Mr. Hardeman" and to punitive damages. *See* Edwin Hardeman's Suppl. Br. Pursuant to PTO 81 at 3, ECF No. 2813. Specifically, Plaintiff claims that the evidence shows Monsanto's "awareness of and indifference to" IBT's fraud, which he states is directly relevant to his claim of negligence. *Id.* at 3. But Monsanto was a victim of IBT's fraud, and

- 2 -

^{27 |} See also Mark Seaton, Ph.D., An Update on FDA's Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) for Nonclinical Laboratory Studies Proposed Rule, SOT: Regulatory and Safety Evaluation Specialty Section Webinar, FDA, at 12 (Sept. 29, 2017), http://www.toxicology.org/groups/ss/rsess/doc/2017SOTWebinar with notesRSESS Seaton.pdf.

Case 3:16-md-02741-VC Document 2919 Filed 03/04/19 Page 3 of 4

1	there is no evidence that Monsanto knew of the problems with the glyphosate studies until they		
2	were discovered by the government investigation. Monsanto is no different than the dozens of		
3	other manufacturers and government agencies that were victimized by IBT's misconduct.		
4	Plaintiff further seeks to tar Monsanto with the misconduct of one of the implicated IBT		
5	scientists, David Wright, but there is no evidence that Mr. Wright engaged in any misconduct		
6	while employed by Monsanto or that he was at any time involved in any toxicology studies		
7	involving glyphosate. Nor is there any evidence that Monsanto was ever implicated in IBT's		
8	fraud.		
9	The IBT fraud is not relevant to the Phase 2 issue of whether Roundup [®] is a defective		
10	product or whether it should have included a cancer warning. The relevant studies were all		
11	replaced decades ago. Monsanto at all times complied with EPA regulations and requirements i		
12	selling its Roundup® products. And EPA repeatedly has approved Roundup® and Roundup®		
13	labeling without any cancer warning, consistent with its extensive scientific reviews and		
14	determinations that glyphosate does not pose a cancer risk in humans.		
15	Nor is evidence concerning IBT relevant to punitive damages. Plaintiff has no evidence		
16	that demonstrate that Monsanto was involved in perpetuating IBT's fraud and cannot connect		
17	IBT's fraud in the 1970s to his own much later use of Roundup® products.		
18	Allowing a sideshow into IBT would serve no purpose but to confuse and potentially		
19	inflame the jury with facts that have nothing to do with the issues before them in this trial.		
20	Monsanto should not be required to prove its innocence in a decades-old third-party fraud – in		
21	which Monsanto was a victim – to defend the present product liability lawsuit.		
22			
23	Date: March 4, 2019 /s/ Eric G. Lasker		
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Case 3:16-md-02741-VC Document 2919 Filed 03/04/19 Page 4 of 4

- 4 -