1	Michael J. Miller (appearance <i>pro hac vice</i>) Timothy Litzenburg (appearance <i>pro hac vice</i>)	
2	Curtis G. Hoke (State Bar No. 282465) THE MILLER FIRM, LLC	ELECTRONICALLY
3	108 Railroad Ave. Orange, VA 22960	FILED Superior Court of California
4	Phone: (540) 672-4224 Fax: (540) 672-3055	County of San Francisco O6/12/2018 Clerk of the Court
5	mmiller@millerfirmllc.com tlitzenburg@millerfirmllc.com	Clerk of the Court BY:VANESSA WU Deputy Cler
6	choke@millerfirmllc.com	
7	Attorneys for Plaintiff DEWAYNE JOHNSON	
8		
9		
10	SUPERIOR COURT O	OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
11	FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO	
12		
13	DEWAYNE JOHNSON,	Case No. CGC-16-550128
14	Plaintiff,	PLAINTIFF'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF HIS MOTION IN LIMINE NO. 4 TO EXCLUDE
15	V.	EVIDENCE AND ARGUMENT THAT PLAINTIFF FAILED HIS QUALIFIED
16	MONSANTO COMPANY, STEVEN D. GOULD, WILBUR-ELLIS COMPANY	APPLICATOR TEST ON THREE
17	LLC, and WILBUR-ELLIS FEED, LLC,	OCCASIONS
18	Defendants.	Trial Judge: TBD
19		Trial Date: June 18, 2018 Time: 9:30 a.m.
20		Department: TBD
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PLAINTIFF'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF HIS MOTION IN LIMINE NO. 4

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The Number Of Times Mr. Johnson Failed His QAC Test Has Nothing To Do With How Much Roundup/RangerPRO Mr. Johnson Was Exposed To; Nor Does It Have Any Relevance To The Actual Amount Of Roundup/RangerPRO Mr. Johnson Was Exposed To.

The number of times Mr. Johnson failed his Qualified Applicator Certificate ("QAC") test has nothing to do with the issues in this lawsuit – whether Roundup/RangerPRO caused Mr. Johnson to develop non-Hodgkin's lymphoma ("NHL") and whether Monsanto adequately warned of the known or knowable link between Roundup/RangerPRO and NHL. Monsanto's Opposition strains to argue that the number of times Mr. Johnson failed his QAC test tends to show that "Plaintiff's failures led to his intensively studying for about a year and half about the safe handling, use and applications of pesticides as he attempted to pass the exam. He studied materials discussing, among various subjects, how to safely apply the products and minimize personal exposure, which is directly relevant here to the issue of specific causation." See, Def. Opp. At 1. Not so. The number of times Mr. Johnson failed his QAC test has nothing to do with the actual amount of Roundup/RangerPRO has was exposed to while working for Benicia Unified School District.

В. Monsanto's Opposition Does Not Argue That Any Of Its Experts Have Relied Upon The Fact That Mr. Johnson Failed His QAC Test Three Times In Rendering Any Opinions As To Mr. Johnson's Level Of Roundup/RangerPRO Exposure.

Tellingly, Monsanto's Opposition does not argue that any of its experts have relied upon the fact that Mr. Johnson failed his QAC test three times in rendering any opinions as to Mr. Johnson's Roundup/RangerPRO exposure levels. See, generally, Def. Opp. The reality is simple: the number of times Mr. Johnson failed his QAC test really has nothing to do with the actual amount of RoundupRangerPRO he was exposed to. Indeed, if the fact that Mr. Johnson failed his QAC test three times legitimately had any relevance to his level of exposure to Roundup/RangerPRO, Monsanto could have easily directed this Court's attention to an expert who has relied upon the fact that Mr. Johnso failed his QAC test three times in rendering an opinion as to Mr. Johnson's Roundup/RangerPRO exposure

levels. Monsanto has failed to make such an argument, presumably because it likely cannot point to a single expert who has rendered an opinion as to Mr. Johnson's exposure to Roundup/RangerPRO which is based on the fact that Mr. Johnson failed his QAC test three times.

C. The Number Of Times Mr. Johnson Failed His QAC Test Is Irrelevant To The Jury's Deliberation Of Plaintiff's Strict Liability Design Defect Claim.

Here, Monsanto argues that "[T]his Court will decide at trial whether to adopt either the consumer expectations test or risk-benefit test, or both, for determining Plaintiff's strict product liability claim." See, Def. Opp. at 3. Monsanto's Opposition goes on to suggest that Monsanto may argue before the honorable trial judge assigned to this matter that Mr. Johnson is a 'sophisticated user' and that the appropriate test to apply should depend, at least in part, on the fact that Mr. Johnson failed his QAC test three times. *Id.* Indeed, Monsanto claims that Mr. Johnson's training and experience "will be directly relevant to the Court's determination of the appropriate instruction for the jury at the conclusion of trial." *Id.* But this is a red herring; Plaintiff's Motion *in Limine* does NOT seek to preclude this honorable Court from hearing any particular argument or evidence that might assist this honorable Court in deciding what test to instruct the jury to apply herein. To the contrary, Plaintiff simply seeks to exclude irrelevant evidence or argument that Plaintiff filed his QAC test three times from being considered by the jury.

D. Monsanto Has Failed To Show Any Relevant Basis For Introducing Evidence Or Argument That Mr. Johnson Failed His QAC Test Three Times; And Such Evidence Will Create A substantial Danger Of Undue Prejudice, Confuse The Issues, And/Or Mislead The Jury.

Monsanto has failed to show any credible relevant basis for introducing evidence or argument that Mr. Johnson failed his QAC test three times; and such evidence will create a substantial danger of undue prejudice, confuse the issues, and/or mislead the jury. California Evidence Code Section 352 states that "The court in its discretion may exclude evidence if its probative value is substantially outweighed by the probability that its admission will (a) necessitate undue consumption of time or (b) create substantial danger of undue prejudice, of confusing the issues, or of misleading the jury." *See*, Cal. Evid. Code § 352. Evidence is not inadmissible under Section 352 unless the probative value is "substantially"

outweighed by the probability of a 'substantial danger' of undue prejudice." See, People v. Fruits, 247 Cal. App. 4th 188, 205 (2016), review denied (Aug. 10, 2016); People v. Quang Minh Tran, 51 Cal. 4th 1040, 1046 (2011).

Here, as discussed further above, there is no probative value in the fact that Mr. Johnson failed his QAC test three times to the issues the jury will decide in this case. Indeed, the fact that Mr. Johnson failed his QAC test three times 1) has no logical relationship to whether Roundup/RangerPRO caused Mr. Johnson to develop NHL; 2) has no logical relationship to whether Monsanto failed to adequately warn of the known or knowable link between Roundup/RangerPRO and NHL; and 3) has no logical relationship to the actual amount of Roundup/RangerPRO Mr. Johnson was exposed to - and, indeed, Monsanto has failed to show that any of its experts even rely on the fact that Mr. Johnson failed his QAC test three times in rendering any opinion as to Mr. Johnson's exposure to Roundup/RangerPRO. Tellingly, Monsanto does not deny that it will attempt to paint Mr. Johnson as a "failed" or "incompetent" applicator in its Opposition. See, generally, Def. Opp. Plaintiff anticipates that, given its lack of any probative value, Monsanto will attempt to unduly prejudice Plaintiff by using the fact that he failed his QAC test three times to prejudicially and misleadingly paint him as a "failed" or "incompetent" applicator. Such argument or evidence should therefore be precluded pursuant to California Evidence Code Section 352.

II. CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, Plaintiff Dewayne Johnson respectfully requests that the Court enter an Order granting his Motion *in Limine* No. 4.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: June 12, 2018 THE MILLER FIRM, LLC

By: /s/ Curtis G. Hoke
Michael J. Miller (appearance pro hac vice)
Timothy Litzenburg (appearance pro hac vice)
Curtis G. Hoka (State Bar No. 282465)

Curtis G. Hoke (State Bar No. 282465)

THE MILLER FIRM, LLC

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108 Railroad Ave. Orange, VA 22960 (540) 672-4224 phone; (540) 672-3055 fax mmiller@millerfirmllc.com tlitzenburg@millerfirmllc.com choke@millerfirmllc.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff DEWAYNE JOHNSON

1 PROOF OF SERVICE 2 I, Curtis G. Hoke, declare as follows: 3 I am a citizen of the United States and am employed in Orange County, Virginia. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within action. My business address is 108 Railroad Avenue, Orange, Virginia 22960. On June 12, 2018 , I served the following 5 documents by the method indicated below: 6 PLAINTIFF'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF HIS MOTION IN LIMINE NO. 4 TO EXCLUDE 7 EVIDENCE AND ARGUMENT THAT PLAINTIFF FAILED HIS QUALIFIED APPLICATOR TEST ON THREE OCCASIONS 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 abla15 By Electronically Serving the document(s) described above via LexisNexis File & Serve by 7:00 p.m. Pacific Standard Time on all parties appearing on the LexisNexis File & Serve service list. 17 SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST 18 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above 19 is true and correct. 20 21 Executed on this June 12, 2018 at Orange, Virginia. 22 23 24 Curtis G. Hoke, Declarant 25 26 27 28

Johnson v. Monsanto Company, et al. San Francisco Superior Court Case No.: CGC-16-550128

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SERVICE LIST

3	SERVICE LIST	
4	George C. Lombardi, Esq.	Counsel for Defendant
5	James M. Hilmert, Esq.	
	WINSTON & STRAWN LLP 35 West Wacker Drive	Served electronically Via Lexis Nexis File&Serve Xpress
6	Chicago, IL 60601	Theaseive Apress
7	Tel: (312) 558-5969	
8	Fax: (312) 558-5700	
	glombard@winston.com jhilmert@winston.com	
9	Jimmert@winston.com	
10	Joe G. Hollingsworth, Esq.	Counsel for Defendant
11	Eric G. Lasker, Esq.	
11	Martin C. Calhoun, Esq.	Served electronically via Lexis Nexis
12	Kirby T. Griffis, Esq. William J. Cople III, Esq.	File&Serve Xpress
13	HOLLINGSWORTH LLP	
1.4	1350 I Street, N.W.	
14	Washington, DC 20005	
15	Tel: (202) 898-5800	
16	Fax: (202) 682-1639 jhollingsworth@hollingsworthllp.com	
	elasker@hollingsworthllp.com	
17	mcalhoun@hollingsworthllp.com	
18	kgriffis@hollingsworthllp.com	
19	wcople@hollingsworthllp.com	
20	Sandra A. Edwards, Esq.	Counsel for Defendant
21	Joshua W. Malone, Esq.	
22	Farella Braun + Martel LLP	Served electronically via Lexis Nexis
	235 Montgomery Street, 17 th Floor San Francisco, California 94104	File&Serve Xpress
23	Tel: (415) 95404400	
24	Fax: (415) 954-4480	
25	sedwards@fbm.com	
25	jmalone@fbm.com	
26		
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PROOF OF SERVICE