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21	DEWAYNE JOHNSON,	Case No. CGC-1	6-550128
22	Plaintiff,		MONSANTO COMPANY'S
23	,	SURREPLY IN	SUPPORT OF MOTION
24	VS.	IN LIMINE NO. 20 TO EXCLUDE EVIDENCE, ARGUMENT, OR	
25	MONSANTO COMPANY,		TO "GHOSTWRITING"
26	Defendant.	Trial Date: Time:	June 18, 2018 9:30 a.m.
27		Department:	TBD
28			

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DEFENDANT MONSANTO COMPANY'S SURREPLY IN SUPPORT OF MOTION *IN LIMINE* NO. 20 TO EXCLUDE EVIDENCE, ARGUMENT, OR REFERENCE TO "GHOSTWRITING" - Case No. CGC-16-550128

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I. INTRODUCTION

On June 8, 2018, in response to an accident that befell plaintiff's prior lead trial counsel,
plaintiff designated a new trial team of four attorneys, including Brent Wisner of Baum, Hedlund,
Aristei & Goldman, PC. As noted by the Hon. Judge Chhabria in the U.S. District Court for the
Northern District of California, Mr. Wisner has played multiple roles for plaintiffs in the
glyphosate litigation, acting not only as an attorney but also as "a PR man" and, as relevant to the
present motion, as a lobbyist before the European Union in connection with the EU's regulation of
glyphosate. In his role as lobbyist, Mr. Wisner presented to the EU the very same allegations of
Monsanto misconduct – including purported "ghostwriting" – that plaintiff seeks to introduce into
evidence in this case. As Monsanto noted in its opening memorandum in support of the present
motion in limine, following Mr. Wisner's submission, the European Food Safety Authority
("EFSA") dismissed these allegations, explaining that "even if the allegations regarding
ghostwriting proved to be true, there would be no impact on the overall assessment as presented in
the EFSA Conclusion on glyphosate" because "[t]he review papers in question represented only
two of approximately 700 scientific references in the area of mammalian toxicology considered by
EFSA in the glyphosate assessment," and "their provenance was evident from the Declarations of
Interest and Acknowledgements in the papers themselves." European Food Safety Authority,
EFSA Statement regarding the EU assessment of glyphosate and the so-called "Monsanto
papers", http://www.efsa.europa.eu/sites/default/files/topic/20170608_glyphosate_statement.pdf.
Plaintiffs take issue with this fact in their opposition, contending that "several members of [the
EU] Parliament" are continuing to investigate these allegations. See Pl.'s Opp'n to Monsanto's
MIL No. 20 to Exclude Evidence of Ghostwriting at 6. Mr. Wisner's EU lobbying effort and the
response thereto are accordingly centrally relevant to the disposition of the present motion and, if
the motion were to be denied, Mr. Wisner's role as trial counsel would give rise to potential
disqualification under California's "advocate-witness rule." See Comden v. Superior Court, 20

¹ See Transcript of Proceedings at 23-24, *In re Roundup Prods. Liab. Litig.*, No. 3:16-md-02741-VC (N.D. Cal. Aug. 24, 2017) ("August 24, 2017 Hearing Transcript") (Speaking directly to Mr. Wisner, Judge Chhabria stated: "Release documents first. Ask questions later . . . because . . . you were too focused on being a PR man, and not focused enough on being a lawyer.").

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10 11 Chhabria, who repeatedly admonished Mr. Wisner for acting in "bad faith" and stated: "I don't 12 see how it would be acceptable to have Mr. Wisner on the Executive Committee [of the MDL] 13 14 15 16 17 18

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patent applications was a necessary witness and excluded from serving as trial counsel in infringement trial regarding the same patents). FACTUAL BACKGROUND Mr. Wisner's lobbying effort began with his decision – in violation of a protective order in place in the federal Roundup MDL – to publicly release scores of Monsanto documents designated as confidential in that proceeding. Mr. Wisner was sharply reprimanded for this conduct by Judge

going forward.... [I]t's difficult for me to understand how I could be comfortable ... retaining Mr. Wisner, and perhaps his firm, on the Executive Committee." See August 24, 2017 Hearing

Transcript at 7-8. Soon after an August 24, 2017 show cause hearing, Baum Hedlund notified

Judge Chabbria that it intended to withdraw from the Plaintiff's Executive Committee, which led

Judge Chabbria to withdraw the show cause order. Pretrial Order No. 29: Order Withdrawing

Order to Show Cause, In re Roundup Prods. Liab. Litig., No. 3:16-md-02741-VC (N.D. Cal.

Sept. 1, 2017) (ECF No. 505).

In the meantime, however, Mr. Wisner personally embarked on an extraordinary lobbying effort, which included direct, in-person participation before the EU Parliament, in an unsuccessful attempt to convince EU regulators to classify glyphosate as carcinogenic. See, e.g., Letter from

² See Transcript of Telephonic Proceedings of the Official Electronic Sound Recording 2:36PM-2:49PM at 4, In re Roundup Prods. Liab. Litig., No. 3:16-md-02741-VC (N.D. Cal. Aug. 9, 2017) ("[M]y tentative thinking is that Mr. Wisner acted in bad faith."), at 5 ("Mr. Wisner, it appears to me, operated in bad faith in releasing the documents without coming to court first."); August 24, 2017 Hearing Transcript at 37-39 (stating that the record supports "a finding of bad faith"; that "at an absolute minimum there was misconduct"; and that "either finding [misconduct or bad faith] could [justify] removal of Mr. Wisner and/or Baum Hedlund from the Executive Committee.")

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Parliament (Oct. 5, 2017); Baum Hedlund, US Attorneys Urge EU to Investigate Monsanto Science Manipulation (Oct. 5, 2017), https://www.baumhedlundlaw.com/eu-investigatemonsanto-science-manipulation/ (reporting that "Baum, Hedlund, Aristei & Goldman attorneys R. Brent Wisner and managing partner Michael Baum have asked European Union (EU) officials to conduct an official inquiry into Monsanto's manipulation of science and potential collusion with regulators."); Baum Hedlund, Roundup Cancer Victims and Attorneys in EU Ahead of Glyphosate Meeting (Oct. 4, 2017), https://www.baumhedlundlaw.com/roundup-cancer-victimsand-attorneys-in-eu/ (reporting Baum Hedlund clients and attorneys including Mr. Wisner "in Europe this week to warn officials about the cancer risk associated with glyphosate"). Mr. Wisner's letter to the EU Parliament detailed the same ghostwriting allegations Plaintiff seeks to introduce in this case, along with Plaintiff's other company misconduct claims relating, e.g., a (failed) TNO Study and purported collusion with U.S. regulatory officials. Although Monsanto does not know the details of Mr. Wisner's communications with EU Commissioners during his lobbying trip to Europe, media accounts make clear that he raised these same allegations in those face-to-face meetings.



As noted above and in Monsanto's opening brief, Mr. Wisner's allegations were dismissed by the European regulators, who concluded after a thorough review of the extensive body of

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epidemiology, animal toxicology and genotoxicology studies that glyphosate is not carcinogenic.³ Accordingly, these allegations of "ghostwriting" and other corporate misconduct are nothing but a smoke screen and bear no relevance to whether Plaintiff's use of Ranger Pro or Roundup Pro caused his MF. *See* Cal. Evid. Code §210. Mr. Wisner's involvement as trial counsel in this case though raises an additional problem because his personal actions as a lobbyist place him afoul of California's "advocate-witness rule."

III. ARGUMENT

The "advocate-witness rule" ... prohibits an attorney from acting both as an advocate and a witness in the same proceeding, [and] has long been a tenet of ethics in the American legal system." *Kennedy v. Eldridge*, 201 Cal. App. 4th 1197, 1208 (2011); *see also People v. Donaldson*, 93 Cal. App. 4th 916, 928 (2001) ("The foundations of the prohibition against a lawyer's acting as both advocate and witness lie in due process ... [and] 'is essentially aimed at eliminating confusion over the lawyer's role. This confusion could prejudice one or more of the parties or call into question the impartiality of the judicial process itself." (quoting ABA Model Rules Prof. Conduct Rule 3.7, Legal Background)). As articulated in the California State Bar Rules of Professional Conduct, an attorney "shall not act as an advocate before a jury which will hear testimony from the [attorney] unless: (A) The testimony relates to an uncontested matter; or (B) The testimony relates to the nature and value of legal services rendered in the case; or (C) The [attorney] has the informed, written consent of the client." Cal. Rules of Professional Conduct Rule 5-210.⁴

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In an effort to forestall this conclusion, Mr. Wisner and his firm also submitted to the EU regulators the expert reports of each of the general causation experts who will be testifying in this case. See Email from Michael Baum, Esq. et al., to Members of the European Commission, Parliament, and Member States at 1 (Oct. 31, 2017) ("This letter contains a link to six expert scientist reports explaining the connection between glyphosate-based formulations ("GBFs") and the cancer Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma ("NHL"). The reports were written for lawsuits pending against Monsanto Company in the United States and compile epidemiology, toxicology, and oncology evidence important for regulators like the European Commission to assess, along with the Monsanto Papers [re ghostwriting, etc.], when determining whether to extend or restrict the use of GBFs in Europe.) Those expert reports likewise were rejected.

⁴ California courts have explained that the "advocate-witness rule" requires disqualification even with the consent of the attorney's client because "confusion over the lawyer's role ... could

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By electing to undertake these extensive lobbying efforts, Mr. Wisner has put himself in the position of having factual knowledge relevant to Plaintiff's "ghostwriting" allegations, which, if allowed into evidence in this case, would forfeit his ability to serve as trial counsel under the "advocate-witness rule." In *Caluori*, for example, the court excluded an attorney from serving as trial counsel in a patent infringement case, where that attorney had drafted the underlying application for the patent at issue. Caluori, 2012 WL 2004173, at *4-5. The court found that he was a necessary witness because "[g]iven his familiarity with the '727 patent and its prosecution history, his testimony is relevant and material" and "is not cumulative or obtainable by other means." Id. at *5. Similarly, Mr. Wisner has extensive and unique familiarity with the regulatory lobbying effort in Europe whose lack of success proves Plaintiff's ghostwriting allegations false.

IV. **CONCLUSION**

For the foregoing reasons, the Court should exclude any reference, evidence, or argument relating to allegations that Monsanto "ghostwrite" certain scientific articles about glyphosate.

Dated: June 18, 2018 Respectfully submitted,

ABA Model Rule Professional Conduct Rule 3.7)).

FARELLA BRAUN + MARTEL LLP

and I for every

By:

Sandra A. Edwards

Attorneys for Defendant MONSANTO COMPANY

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required to testify on the basis of personal knowledge, while an advocate is expected to explain and comment on evidence given by others. It may not be clear whether a statement by an advocate-witness should be taken as proof or as an analysis of the proof." (quoting Comment to

where the combination of roles may prejudice that party's rights in the litigation. A witness is