

Researching the UK Science Media Centre

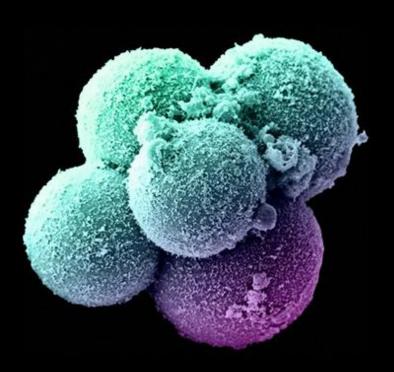
Connie St Louis
City University London
c.stlouis@city.ac.uk



Connie St Louis



Senior Lecturer & Director MA Science Journalism City University London



welcome to the

Science Media Centre

an independent press office helping to ensure that the public have access to the best scientific evidence and expertise through the news media when science hits the headlines

find out more

RESEARCH

Impact of the Science Media Centre on Science Reporting in UK Newspapers

Connie St Louis

ABSTRACT

- The influence of the SMC on science reporting in the UK needed to be quantified - to provide context for the general debate around their agenda, purpose and usefulness.
- This investigation looked into the influence of two services the SMC provide: "Roundups & Rapid Reactions" and "Briefings"
- Roundups & Rapid Reactions consist of lists of statements from experts in the relevant field, compiled for the benefit of science journalists
- Briefings are used to provide expert opinions for use by the media when an important scientific event occurs

METHODOLOGY

- All British national newspaper articles within two weeks of the expert reactions were considered
- The names of the experts were used as the search term
- Inter-coder reliability checked
- The group coded the same article initially and discrepancies used to amend the coding frame
- The results from the coding of each article were summated for analysis

Science Media Centre

The media will do science better when scientists do the media better

Fiona Fox

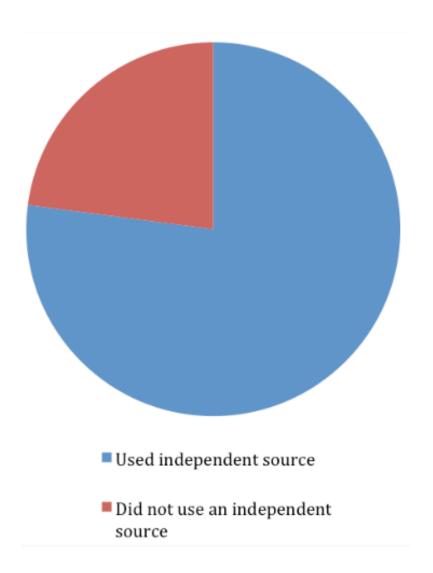
RESULTS

Expert reactions

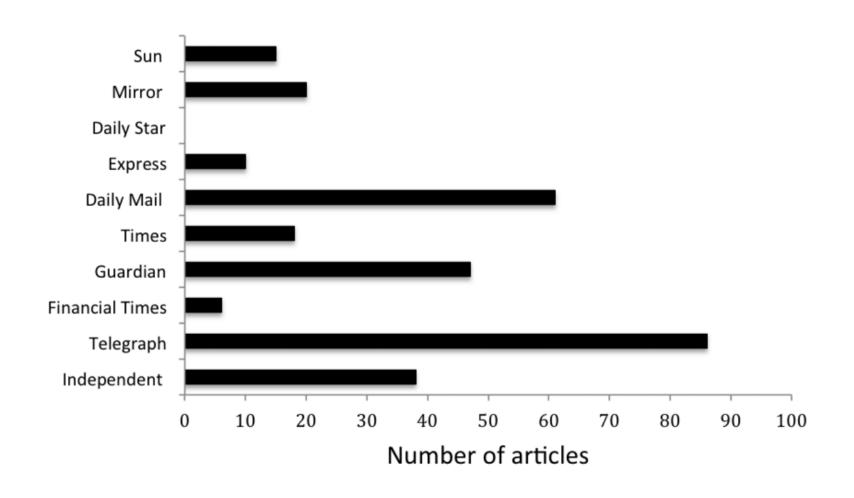
54 per cent of the expert reactions during the time period were covered in the news

Of these, 23 per cent did not use an independent source

Of those that did, only 32 per cent of the external sources offered an opposing view to that offered by the expert in the SMC expert reaction

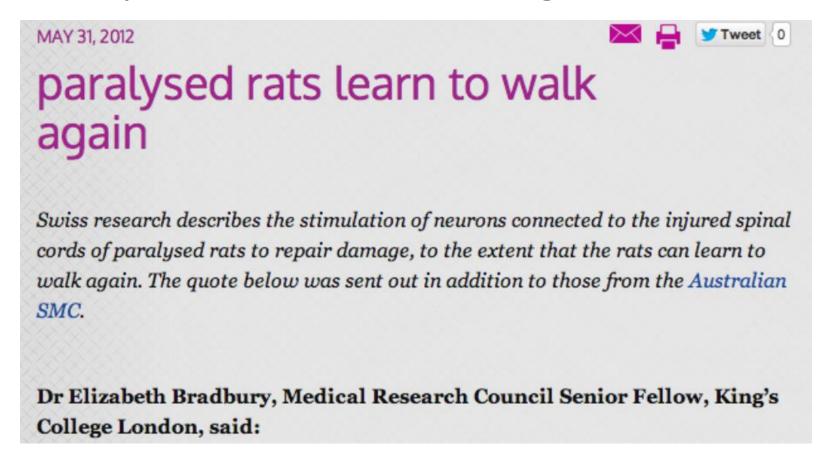


Expert Reactions



Case study

Paralysed rats learn to walk again



Paralysed rats learn to walk again



The Daily Mail article

New hope for the paralysed: Breakthrough sees rats with broken backs able to run in just two weeks

By TAMARA COHEN

PUBLISHED: 19:14, 31 May 2012 | UPDATED: 12:18, 1 June 2012



Paralysed patients have been given fresh hope after scientists enabled rats with severed spines to run again.

Using a cocktail of drugs and electrical impulses, researchers 'regrew' nerves linking the spinal cord to the brain.

After two weeks, the animals were not only able to walk, but climb stairs and run.

SMC expert

This is ground-breaking research and offers great hope for the future of restoring function to spinal-injured patients, however some questions remain before we know how useful this approach may be in humans.

Dr Elizabeth Bradbury, King's College London Daily Mail

'Hopemongering'

Rats learning to walk again is impressive, but 'hopemongering' is dangerous in spinal injury research

By MICHAEL HANLON

PUBLISHED: 12:21, 1 June 2012 | UPDATED: 12:21, 1 June 2012









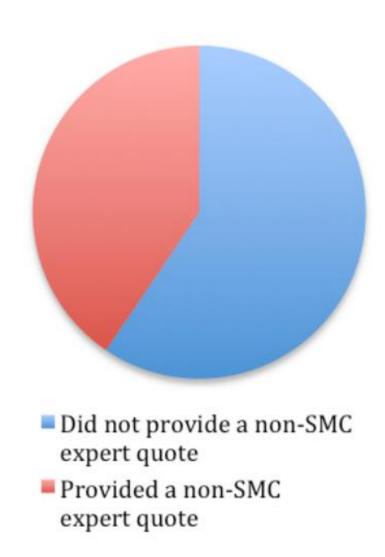


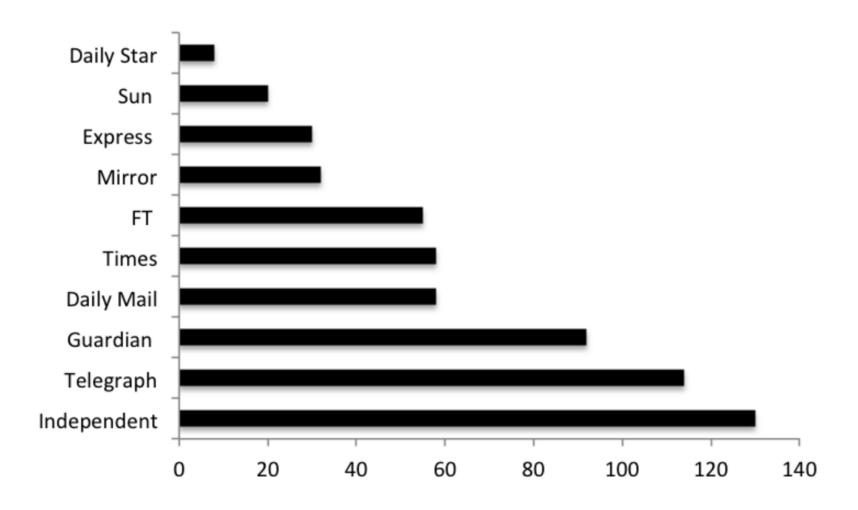
Journalists who write about health and science are often accused of scaremongering. Coffee will kill you, meat will give you cancer, watch out for those mobile phones!

RESULTS

Briefings

60 per cent of the articles covering the briefings did not use an independent source





CONCLUSIONS

- There are more journalists than there should be that are only using experts from the SMC and not consulting independent sources
- Of the two services, journalists using the briefings service are less likely to consult an independent expert than those using the rapid reactions service