1 2 3 4	Michael L. Baum, Esq. (SBN: 119511) mbaum@baumhedlundlaw.com R. Brent Wisner, Esq. (SBN: 276023) rbwisner@baumhedlundlaw.com Frances M. Phares, Esq. (LA #10388) fphares@baumhedlundlaw.com Pedram Esfandiary (SBN: 312569) pesfondiary@baumhedlundlaw.com	Robert F. Kennedy, Jr., Esq. rkennedy@kennedymadonna.com Kevin J. Madonna, Esq. kmadonna@kennedymadonna.com KENNEDY & MADONNA, LLP 48 Dewitt Mills Road Hurley, New York 12443	
5	pesfandiary@baumhedlund.com BAUM, HEDLUND, ARISTEI & GOLDMAN, P.C.	Telephone: (845) 481-2622 Facsimile: (845) 230-3111	
6 7	12100 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 950 Los Angeles, CA 90025 Telephone: (310) 207-3233		
8	Facsimile: (310) 820-7444		
9 10	Nicholas R. Rockforte (LA #31305) nrockforte@pbclawfirm.com Christopher L. Coffin (LA #27902)		
11	ccoffin@pbclawfirm.com Jonathan E. Chatwin (LA #36410) jchatwin@pbclawfirm.com		
12	PENDLEY, BAUDIN & COFFIN, LLP 1515 Poydras Street, Suite 1400		
13	New Orleans, LA 70112 Telephone: (504) 355-0086		
14	Facsimile: (504) 523-0699		
15	Attorneys for Plaintiffs		
16			
17 18	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION		
19			
20	IN RE: ROUNDUP PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION	MDL No. 02741	
21		PLAINTIFFS' OPPOSITION TO CONTINUANCE OF HEARING DATE FOR	
22	THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:	PLAINTIFFS' REMAND MOTION	
23	Pennie, et al., v. Monsanto Co., et al.,		
24	Case No. 3:17-cv-01711-VC		
25			
26	Monsanto's removal of this state court case based on federal question jurisdiction is baseless—a		
27	transparent ploy to inject delay which prejudices plaintiffs who chose to litigate their cases in state		
28	court. Now, Monsanto seeks to compound its fol	ly by delaying resolution of Plaintiffs' fully-briefed	
	1		

and ripe motion for remand, currently set for argument on June 1, 2017, by three months. The reason: Monsanto selectively removed cases around the country using the same "cut-and-paste" notice of removal based on a claim of federal question and federal officer jurisdiction, and Monsanto would like to make Plaintiffs, here, wait until those other removals are (possibly) transferred to this Court and go through the briefing process. This request should be denied.

First, waiting for other cases to get transferred to this MDL will take many months. Monsanto claims that "based on the briefing schedules issued by the JPML and the JPML's next scheduled hearing date (May 25, 2017), Monsanto expects that the JPML will rule on those motions by the first week of June." Mtn. to Cont. Hearing Date at 2. This is factually incorrect. The JPML has already issued its Notice of Hearing Session for the May 25, 2017 sitting in San Antonio, Texas, listing out the matters that will be addressed by the Panel (with and without oral argument). See http://www.jpml.uscourts.gov/hearing-information. None of the removed Roundup matters from the Eastern District of Missouri are listed.

This means the twelve cases will *not* be argued until, at the earliest, July 27, 2017 in Los Angeles, California. And, *if* the Panel decides to transfer those cases, the accompanying remand motions will not be briefed and ready for argument until, at the earliest, late August / early September. All told, if the Court continues Plaintiffs' properly-noticed motion to remand, Plaintiffs will have spent over five to six months in federal court because of a meritless removal. And, even then, the JPML could deny transfer, rendering any continuance moot.

Second, it does not serve the principles of judicial economy, sound case management, or justice to delay the issue of federal-question jurisdiction in *Pennie* just because cases involving similar questions of removal *may* be transferred to this MDL. The merits of Monsanto's removal in this case will not change because Monsanto did the same thing in other cases—Monsanto's removal here is as

¹ Plaintiffs will not spill ink arguing the merits of transfer of the EDMO cases to this MDL. Whether it is appropriate to transfer improperly removed cases to the MDL has no bearing on the Court's ability to hear remand in *Pennie* as originally noticed.

groundless as it is there.² Once the Court remands this matter, it will simply be a matter of copy-and-paste for whichever cases get transferred to this Court; fitting since Monsanto's notices of removal were, themselves, copy-and-pasted.³ Indeed, if the Court continues this motion, it could well encourage more frivolous removals since Monsanto will not have been "put on notice" of this misconduct by an adverse ruling. Monsanto will keep removing cases using the same baseless arguments.

Third, there is real prejudice to making Plaintiffs wait even longer on the remand issue. As explained in Plaintiffs' reply brief, these Plaintiffs are sick with cancer and, like any serious illness, there is a real risk of death as each day ticks by. Indeed, one of the Plaintiffs in this case passed away while this motion for remand was pending, extinguishing several remedies that are only permitted for living plaintiffs. In California state court, sick patients are entitled to a preference trial, i.e., a trial within four months. By making Plaintiffs wait five months before going back to state court, Monsanto is using the removal process to manipulate the timing of various proceedings—indeed, Monsanto removed certain state court proceedings and not others, suggesting its selective use of removal fits into some nationwide litigation strategy. Lost in this gamesmanship, however, is the fact that real people are experiencing real harm, and they deserve their day in the court they chose to file their case.

In conclusion, Plaintiffs respectfully ask the Court to deny Monsanto's Motion to Continue the hearing date of Plaintiffs' remand for the foregoing reasons. The issue of remand in *Pennie* is ripe for resolution and the Court should not postpone the upcoming opportunity for Plaintiffs to send this action back to the proper court of origin.

² Monsanto even concedes that plaintiffs' remand arguments in the various EDMO cases and *Pennie* differ significantly. *See* Mtn. to Cont. Hearing Date at 3. It does not make much sense for the Court to delay hearing remand in *Pennie* until cases which address the issue of remand in completely different ways someday appear before the Court.

³ Indeed, Monsanto literally copy and pasted its notices of removal in this case from its notice in the Eastern District of Missouri case—even going so far as to cite Eighth Circuit case law (governing Missouri) for a removal in the Ninth Circuit.

1	Dated: May 19, 2017	BAUM HEDLUND ARISTEI & GOLDMAN, P.C.
2		/s/ Pedram Esfandiary
3		Pedram Esfandiary (SBN: 312569)
4		pesfandiary@baumhedlund.com R. Brent Wisner (SBN: 276023)
4		rbwisner@baumhedlundlaw.com Mishael L. Baum. Fag. (SDN: 110511)
5		Michael L. Baum, Esq. (SBN: 119511) mbaum@baumhedlundlaw.com
6		Frances M. Phares, Esq. (LA #10388)
7		fphares@baumhedlundlaw.com 12100 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 950
		Los Angeles, CA 90025
8		Telephone: (310) 207-3233 Facsimile: (310) 820-7444
9		KENNEDY & MADONNA, LLP
10		Robert F. Kennedy, Jr.
11		<u>rkennedy@kennedymadonna.com</u> Kevin J. Madonna
12		kmadonna@kennedymadonna.com 48 Dewitt Mills Road
		Hurley, New York 12443
13		Telephone: (845) 481-2622 Facsimile: (845) 230-3111
14		
15		PENDELY, BAUDIN & COFFIN, LLP Nicholas R. Rockforte (LA #31305)
16		nrockforte@pbclawfirm.com
17		Christopher L. Coffin (LA #27902) ccoffin@pbclawfirm.com
18		Jonathan E. Chatwin (LA #36410) jchatwin@pbclawfirm.com
		1515 Poydras Street, Suite 1400
19		New Orleans, LA 70112 Telephone: (504) 355-0086
20		Facsimile: (504) 523-0699
21		Attorneys for Plaintiffs
22		Pennie, et al., v. Monsanto Co., et al., Case No.: 3:17-cv-01711-VC
23		01/11-vC
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I, Pedram Esfandiary, hereby certify that, on May 19, 2017, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk for the United States District Court for the Northern District of California using the CM/ECF system, which shall send electronic notification to counsel of record. /s/ Pedram Esfandiary Pedram Esfandiary